

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 16-June-2009 Revision Date 17-January-2018 **Revision Number** 6

1. Identification

Product Name Acetonitrile

Cat No.: A21-1; A21-4; A21-20; A21-200; A21-200LC; A21FB-19; A21FB-50;

A21FB-115; A21FB-200; A21RB-115; A21RS-19; A21RS-28; A21RS-50;

A21RS-115; A21RS-200; A21RS-1350; A21FB-445; A993-1;

A993RS-19; A996-1; A996-4; A996-4LC; A996N2-19; A996RS-28; A996RS-50; A996RS-115; A996RS-200; A996SK-4; A996SS-19; A996SS-28; A996SS-50; A996SS-115; A996SS-200; A997-1; A997-4;

A997-212; A997SK1; A997SK4; A998-1; A998-4; A998-4LC; A998-18; A998-212; A998N1-19; A998N2-19; A998POP-50; A998RS-19; A998RS-28; A998RS-50; A998RS-115; A998RS-200; A998SK-1;

A998SK-4; A998SS-28; A998SS-50; A998SS-115; A998SS-200; A999-4; BP1165-50; BP1170-4; BP1170-450; BP1170-450LC; BP1170N1-19; BP1170N2-19; BP1170POP-20; BP1170POP-50; BP1170POP-200; BP1170RS-19; BP1170RS-28; BP1170RS-50; BP1170RS-115;

BP1170RS-200; BP1170RS-1350; BP1170SS-50; BP1170SS-115;

BP1170SS-200; BP1170SS-1350; BP2405-1; BP2405SK-1;

BP2405SK-4: BP2600-100: LCMSKIT: OPTIMAKIT: XXA21ETNP200LI: NC1225777; NC0511676; XXACHPLCTF18LI; NC0650799; NC9736285; NC0320219; A998SS1350; NC1501026; XXA21ETNP4LI; NC1310377

CAS-No 75-05-8

Methyl cyanide: Ethanenitrile **Synonyms**

(Anhydrous/Certified ACS/HPLC/Pesticide/Septum-Sealed/DNA Synthesis/OPTIMA

LC/MS)

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Importer/Distributor Fisher Scientific 112 Colonnade Road, Ottawa, ON K2E 7L6,

Canada

Tel: 1-800-234-7437

Manufacturer

Fisher Scientific One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887

Revision Date 17-January-2018

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

WHMIS 2015 Classification

Classified as hazardous under the Hazardous Products Regulations (SOR/2015-17)

Flammable liquids
Category 2
Acute oral toxicity
Category 4
Acute dermal toxicity
Category 4
Acute Inhalation Toxicity
Category 4
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation
Category 2

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapor Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled Causes serious eye irritation Harmful if inhaled



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharges

Do not breathe dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eve protection/face protection

Response

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell

Rinse mouth

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	>95

4. First-aid measures

General Advice Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in

attendance.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Do not

use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper

respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.

Most important symptoms/effects Breathing difficulties. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness,

nausea and vomiting: Metabolism may release cyanide, which may result in headache, dizziness, weakness, collapse, unconsciousness, and possible death: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea

and vomiting

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Water spray. CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Cool closed containers

exposed to fire with water spray.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Water may be ineffective, Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire

Flash Point 12.8 °C / 55 °F

Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature 525 °C / 977 °F

Explosion Limits

Upper 16 vol %
Lower 3 vol %
Oxidizing Properties Not oxidising

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid) Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Carbon monoxide (CO) Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full

protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

NFPA

Flammability Physical hazards Health Instability 2 N/A

Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment.

Environmental Precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional ecological

information.

Methods for Containment and Clean Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Provide adequate ventilation. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Prevent product from entering drains.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Wear personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded.

Storage

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Flammables area.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	Alberta	British Columbia	Ontario TWAEV	Quebec	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Acetonitrile	TWA: 20 ppm TWA: 34 mg/m ³	TWA: 20 ppm Skin	TWA: 20 ppm Skin	TWA: 40 ppm TWA: 67 mg/m³ STEL: 60 ppm STEL: 101 mg/m³ Ceiling: 10 ppm Ceiling: 11 mg/m³ Skin			TWA: 34 mg/m ³

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles

Hand Protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	Glove comments	
Butyl rubber	> 480 minutes	0.35 mm	As tested under EN374-3	
			Determination of Resistance to	
			Permeation by Chemicals	

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly **Recommended Filter type:** low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371

Environmental exposure controls

No information available.

Hygiene Measures

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical StateLiquidAppearanceColorlessOdoraromaticOdor Threshold170 ppm

pH No information available Melting Point/Range -46 °C / -50.8 °F

Boiling Point/Range 81 - 82 °C / 177.8 - 179.6 °F @ 760 mmHg

Flash Point 12.8 °C / 55 °F

Evaporation Rate 5.79

Flammability (solid,gas)

Not applicable

Flammability or explosive limits

Upper 16 vol % **Lower** 3 vol %

Vapor Pressure 97 mbar @ 20 °C

Vapor Density 1.42
Specific Gravity 0.781
Solubility miscible

Partition coefficient; n-octanol/waterNo data availableAutoignition Temperature525 °C / 977 °FDecomposition TemperatureNo information available

Viscosity 0.36 cP at 20 °C

Molecular FormulaC2 H3 NMolecular Weight41.05

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Exposure to moisture.

Strong oxidizing agents, Strong acids, Reducing agents, Bases **Incompatible Materials**

Hazardous Decomposition Products Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid), Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO),

Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information Component Information

LD50 Oral **LD50 Dermal** Component LC50 Inhalation Acetonitrile ATE = 617 mg/kg> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit) ATE = 3587 ppm450-787 mg/kg (Rat) 7551 ppm (Rat) 8 h 2460 mg/kg (Rat)

Toxicologically Synergistic

Products

No information available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation Irritating to eyes

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	Not listed				

No information available **Mutagenic Effects**

No information available. **Reproductive Effects**

Developmental Effects No information available.

No information available. **Teratogenicity**

STOT - single exposure None known STOT - repeated exposure None known

No information available **Aspiration hazard**

delayed

Symptoms / effects, both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Metabolism may release cyanide, which may result in headache, dizziness, weakness, collapse, unconsciousness, and possible death: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Acetonitrile	Not listed	LC50: = 1650 mg/L, 96h static (Poecilia reticulata)	EC50 = 28000 mg/L 48 h EC50 = 73 mg/L 24 h	EC50: = 5838 mg/L, 18h (Daphnia pulex)
		LC50: 1600 - 1690 mg/L, 96h flow-through	EC50 = 7500 mg/L 15 h	
		(Pimephales promelas) LC50: = 1000 mg/L, 96h		
		static (Pimephales		
		promelas) LC50: = 1850 mg/L, 96h		
		static (Lepomis macrochirus)		

Persistence and Degradability

Persistence is unlikely based on information available.

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation

No information available.

Mobility

Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility.

Component	log Pow
Acetonitrile	-0.34

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

Component		RCRA - U Series Wastes	RCRA - P Series Wastes		
	Acetonitrile - 75-05-8	U003	-		

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN1648

Proper Shipping Name ACETONITRILE

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group

TDG

UN-No UN1648

Proper Shipping Name ACETONITRILE

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group ||

IATA

UN-No UN1648

Proper Shipping Name ACETONITRILE

Hazard Class 3 Packing Group II

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1648

Proper Shipping Name ACETONITRILE

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group

15. Regulatory information

All of the components in the product are on the following Inventory lists: X = listed

International Inventories

Component	DSL	NDSL	TSCA	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Acetonitrile	Х	-	Χ	200-835-2	-		Χ	Χ	Х	Х	KE-0006
											7

Revision Date 17-January-2018

Canada

SDS in compliance with provisions of information as set out in Canadian Standard - Part 4, Schedule 1 and 2 of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and meets the requirements of the HPR (Paragraph 13(1)(a) of the Hazardous Products Act (HPA)).

Component		Canada - National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)	Canadian Environmental Protection Agency (CEPA) - List of Toxic Substances	Canada's Chemicals Management Plan (CEPA)
	Acetonitrile	Part 1, Group A Substance Part 4 Substance		

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

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Creation Date16-June-2009Revision Date17-January-2018Print Date17-January-2018

Revision SummaryThis document has been updated to comply with the requirements of WHMIS 2015 to align

with the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) for the Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS